

«

»

( 1 , 1 , 2 , 2 , 3, 4)

- -

2008



1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

$$\begin{aligned}
 -1 &= 10^{-1} \\
 -1 &= 10^{-1} / 10^2 = 0,1 \\
 -1 &= 0,1 \cdot 10^5 = 10^4 \\
 -1 &= 10^{-1} \cdot 10^5 = 10^4
 \end{aligned}$$

1-

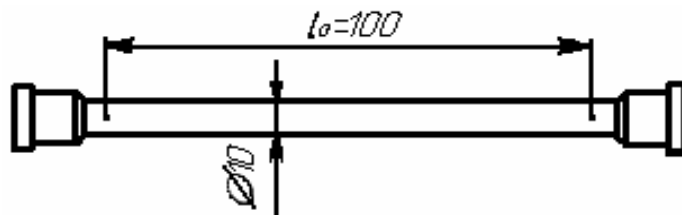
1.1.

$$d = 10$$

1491-84,

1.1.

$$l_0 = 100$$



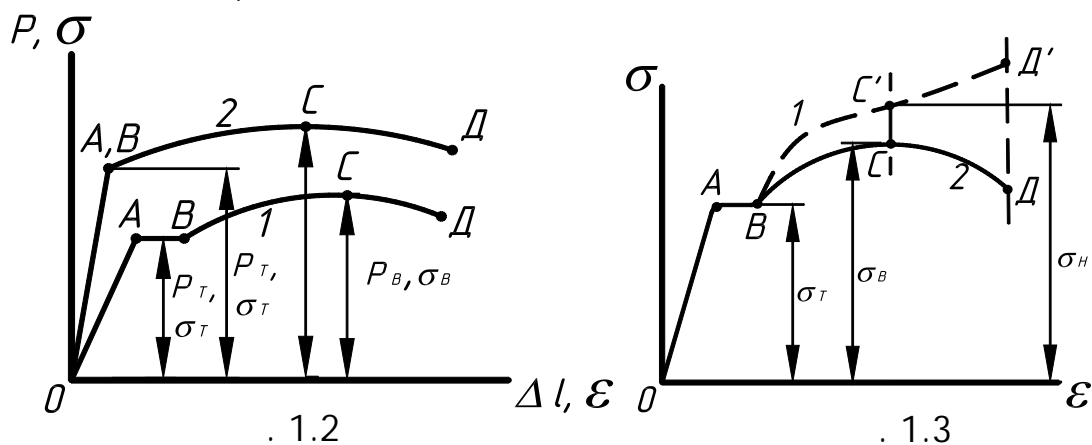
. 1.1

- 50.

. 1.2.

1

2 -



$$\sigma_T = \frac{P_T}{F_0}$$

$T -$

;  $F_0 -$

$= 0,2\%$ .

$$\sigma = \sigma_{0,2} = \frac{P_{0,2}}{F_0}$$

$0,2,$

1.2).

$F_0$ :

$$\sigma_B = \frac{B}{F_0}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{F}{F}$$

$$F - \dots 1.3 \dots - 1 \dots - 2 \dots ( \dots )$$

$$\delta = \frac{l-l_0}{l_0} \cdot 100\%$$

$$l - \dots ; l_0 - \dots$$

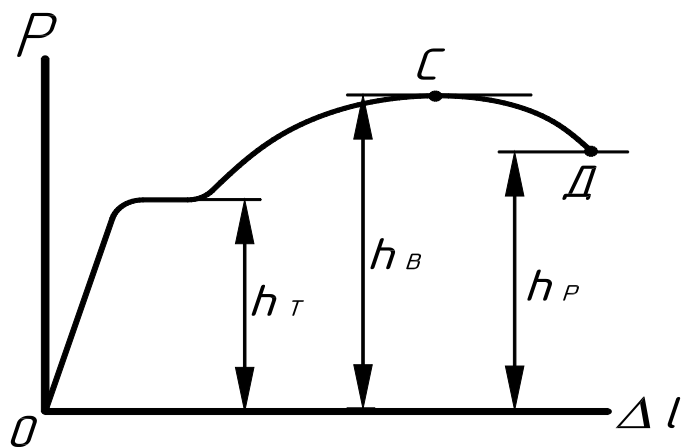
1.2.

$$\mu = 50 \text{ / } = 0,49 \text{ / } ; \quad \mu_l = 0,5 \text{ / }$$

d

l.

. 1.4.



.1.4

:

$$) \dots = h_T \cdot \mu$$

$$= h \cdot \mu ;$$

$$) \quad \mu_\sigma = \frac{\mu}{F_0} ;$$

)

$$\sigma = \frac{P_P}{F}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{P_P}{F_0}$$

1.3.

1-

1.3.1. :

1.3.2. : – 50.

1.3.3. ( 1.1).

1.3.4.

1.1

$d_0 =$ $l_0 =$ $F_0 =$	$d =$ $l =$ $F =$
$\delta = \frac{l-l_0}{l_0} \cdot 100\%$	



:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= h_T \cdot \mu = , & &= h \cdot \mu = , & &= h \cdot \mu = , \\
 \sigma &= \frac{P}{F_0} = , & &\sigma &= \frac{P}{F_0} = , \\
 \sigma &= \frac{P}{F} = , & &\sigma &= \frac{P}{F_0} = , & &\frac{\sigma}{\sigma} = \frac{d_0^2}{d^2} = .
 \end{aligned}$$

1.2

		$P$					/

( 1.3)

1.3.5. :

«\_\_\_\_\_»\_\_\_\_\_200

\_\_\_\_\_:

;

;

;

1.3

			, %
0	320-470	190	22
1	320-400	---	33
2	340-420	220	31
3	380-400	240	27
	410-430		26
4	420-440	260	26
	450-480		20
	490-520		23
5	500-530	280	21
	540-570		20
	580-620		19
6	600-630	310	15
	640-670		14
	680-720		13
7	700-740	---	11
	750-790		10
	800		9

1-

:

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1.4.

. 1.5.

,

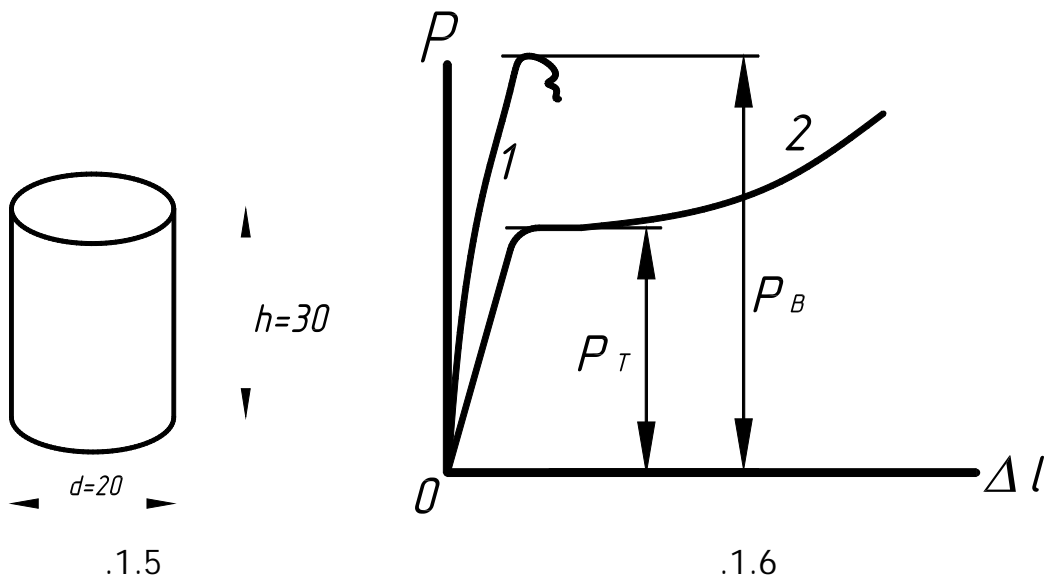
,

—

. 1.6

(1)

(2).



$F_0 -$

$$\sigma = \frac{F_0}{A_0}$$

:

$$\sigma_B = \frac{F_B}{A_0}$$

1.5.

-35.

$l.$   $\mu = 350 / = 3,43 /$   
 $\mu_l = 0,25 /$

$$P_T = h_T \cdot \mu_P, \quad P_B = h_B \cdot \mu_P$$

$h, h -$



1.4.

1.6.

1-

1.6.1. :

1.6.2. :

- 35.

1.6.3. ( .1.5).

1.6.4. ( ).

1.6.5. :



1.6.6. :

$$= h_T \cdot \mu_p =$$

$$= h \cdot \mu_p =$$

$$\sigma = \frac{\quad}{F_0} =$$

$$\sigma = \frac{\quad}{F_0} =$$

1.6.7.

1.4

	$F_0$ , $^2$	,	,	,	,
				---	---
		---	---		

1.6.8. :

\_\_\_\_\_:

"\_\_\_\_\_"\_\_\_\_\_200 .

:

;

;

1.7.

1. ?
2. ,
3. ( )? ,
4. ( )?
5. ?
6. ?
7. ?
8. ?
9. ?

2

:

2.1.

– ( . 2.1)

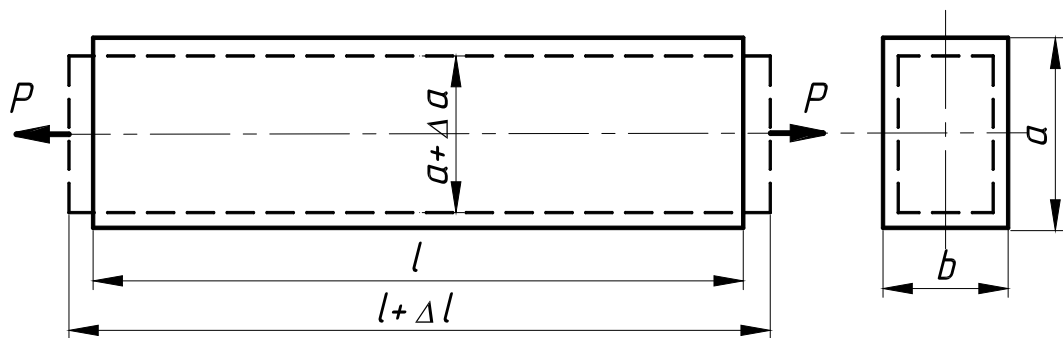
:

$$\Delta l = \frac{P \cdot l}{E \cdot F} \quad (2.1)$$

– ( ) ;  $l$  – ;  
 $F$  – ( ) ;  
 (2.1)

$l$ :

$$E = \frac{P \cdot l}{\Delta l \cdot F} \quad (2.2)$$



. 2.1

,

$l$

$l$ .

$$\varepsilon' = \frac{\Delta}{a}$$

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta l}{l} \quad (\text{. 2.1}).$$

,

,

:

$$\mu = \left| \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \right|. \quad (2.3)$$

$\mu$

.

( )

0,5 ( ).

(1,8 -

$2,2) \cdot 10^5$  ,

$\mu$  - (0,25 - 0,33).

2.2.

2

2.2.1.

( . 2.2)

.

-4 .

,

( , ),

. 2.2.

1 2

, 3 4 -

.

(2.2),

(2.3).

2.2.2.

2

1.

2.

3.

( . 2.1).

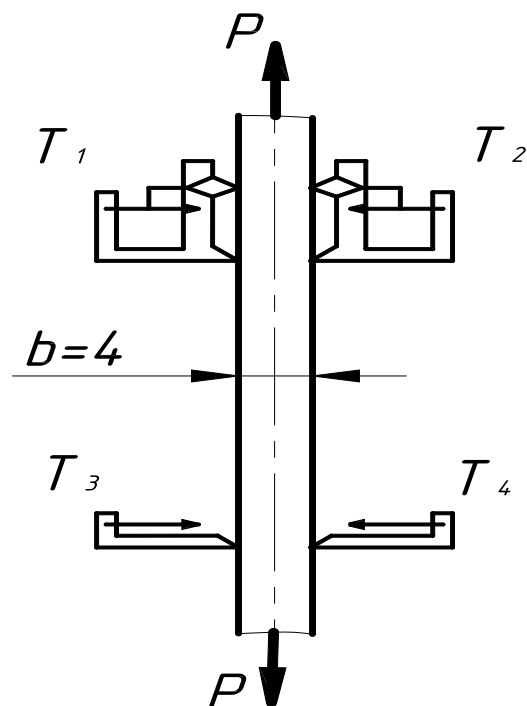
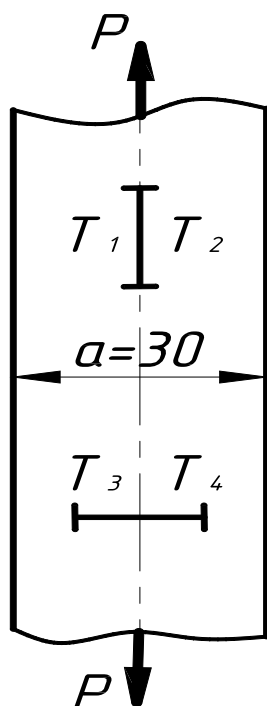
4.

= 2000 (20 ).

5.

( . 2.1).

2.2.



.2.2

2.3.

2-

2.3.1. :

2.3.2. ( . 2.2)

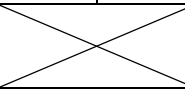
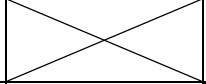
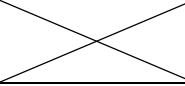
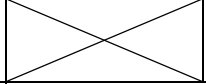
2.3.3.

2.1

		1		2		3		4	
			-		-		-		-
	, ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )	$n,$ ( )
1	500 (5)								
	2000 (20)								
2	500 (5)								
	2000 (20)								
3	500 (5)								
	2000 (20)								

2.3.4.

2.2

		1	2	3	4
( )	$\Delta n = \frac{\Delta n_1 + \Delta n_2 + \Delta n_3}{3}$				
( )  $P=1500$ (15 )	$\Delta l_i = \Delta n_i \cdot k = \Delta n_i \cdot 10^{-3}$				
( ) ( )	$\Delta l_c = \frac{\Delta l_1 + \Delta l_2}{2}$				
	$\Delta l' = \frac{\Delta l_3 + \Delta l_4}{2}$				
( )	$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta l}{S}$				
	$\varepsilon' = \frac{\Delta l'}{S}$				
	$\mu = \left  \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \right $				
( / <sup>2</sup> ) ( )	$= \frac{\Delta P}{F} \cdot \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$				

:  $k = 10^{-3} -$  ;  
 $\Delta = -_{0} = 1500$  (15 ) - ;  
 - ;  
 , - ;

$$S = 20 \quad - \quad ;$$

$$F = a \cdot b = 3 \cdot 0.4 = 1,2 \quad ^2 = 1,2 \cdot 10^{-4} \quad ^2 -$$

2.3.5. :

\_\_\_\_\_:

2.4.

2-

( )

2.4.1.

$\mu$

. 2.3.

1 ( .2.3, )

2 .  
:  $R_1$  ,  $R_2$

- ;  $R_3$  ,  $R_4$  -

. 2.3, .  $R_1'$   $R_2'$  2  
( . 2.3, ).

$R_1$  ,  $R_2$  ,  $R_3$  ,  $R_4$   
4-1,

5 6

. 2.3, .  
m

$R_1$  ,  $R_2$

3

2,

$R_1'$   $R_2'$   
 $R_1$  ,  $R_2$   $R_1'$   $R_2'$

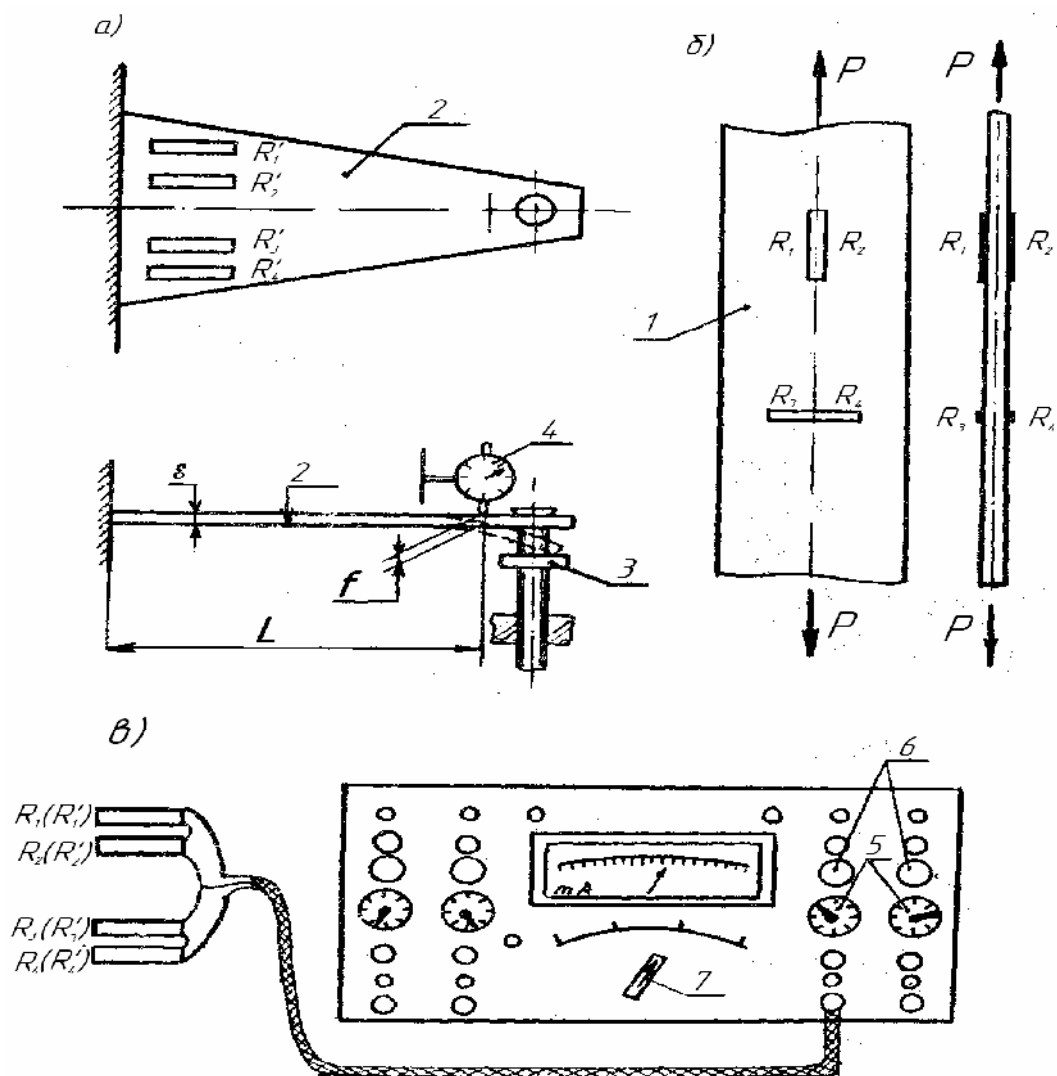
2 1

:

$$\varepsilon = \frac{\delta \cdot f}{L^2}, \quad (2.4)$$

$$= 0,3 \quad = 0,3 \cdot 10^{-2} \quad - \quad ; f - \quad ; L = 29$$

$$= 0,29 \quad - \quad ( \quad . 2.3, \quad ) . \quad f, \quad (2.4)$$



.2.3

2.4.2.

2-

1.

30

2.

7

mA ( . 2.3)

3.

1 ( . 2.3, )

$\sigma = 500$

(5 ).

4.  $3 ( \dots 2.4, )$

4

" "

= 500 (5 ) (  $\dots 2.3$  ).

5.  $5 \quad 6 \quad ( \dots 2.3, )$ ,

mA

6. 1 = 1000 (10 ).

7. 3, mA

4

" " = 1000 (10

).

8. 7 (  $\dots 2.3, )$

mA

.

3, 4, 5, 6, 7 ;

4 (  $\dots 2.3$  )

" "

.

'

2.4.

2.5.

.

2.5.

2-

2.5.1. :

2.5.2. (  $\dots 2.3, ; 2.3, )$ .

2.5.3.

2.3

-	, ( )				
		( 3 )		( 4 )	
		$n, ( )$	$n, ( )$	$n, ( )$	$n, ( )$
1	500 (5)				
	1000 (10)				
2	500 (5)				
	1000 (10)				
3	500 (5)				
	1000 (10)				



2.5.4.

2.4

( )	$\Delta n = \frac{\Delta n_1 + \Delta n_2 + \Delta n_3}{3}$		
$P=500$ ( )	$\Delta f \cdot \Delta n \cdot k = \Delta n \cdot 10^{-2}$		
( )	$\varepsilon = \frac{\Delta f \cdot \delta}{L^2}$		
	$\varepsilon' = \frac{\Delta f' \cdot \delta}{L^2}$		
	$\mu = \left  \frac{\varepsilon'}{\varepsilon} \right $		
( / <sup>2</sup> )	$= \frac{\Delta P}{F} \cdot \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$		

:  $k = 10^{-2}$  – ;

$P = P - P_0 = 1000 - 500 = 500$  (5 ) – .

2.5.5.

2.5

			% ,
( / <sup>2</sup> )			

2.5.6. :

\_\_\_\_\_ : \_\_\_\_\_ « \_\_\_\_\_ » \_\_\_\_\_ 200 .  
\_\_\_\_\_  
 $\mu$  ,  
.

2.6.

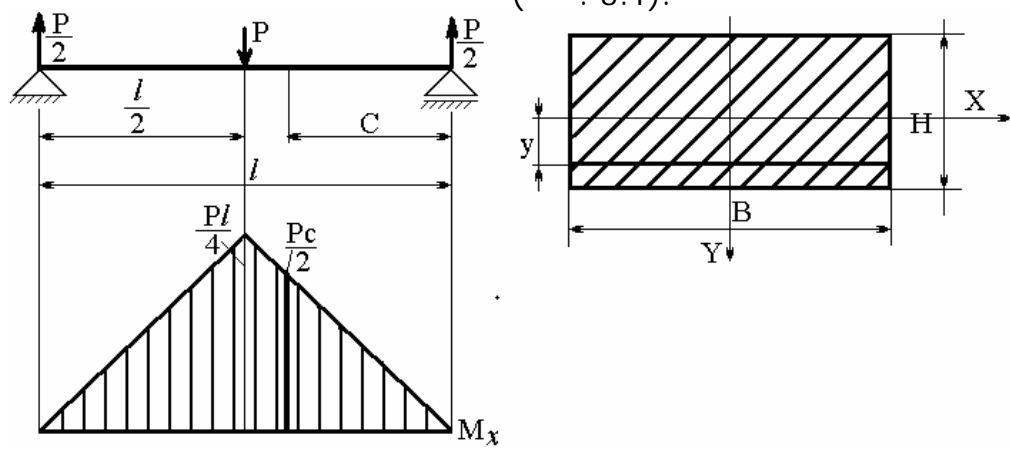
1. , ?
2. ?

3. ?
4. ?
5. ?
6. ?
7. ?
8. ( )?
9. ?
- 10.
11. ?

3

:

3.1.



. 3.1

:

$$\sigma = \frac{M_x}{J_x} \cdot y, \quad (3.1)$$

$M_x$  –

;

$J_x$  –

$X$ ;

$y$  –

(  $X$  )

,

C ( 3.1).

$$M_C = \frac{P \cdot c}{2} \quad (3.2)$$

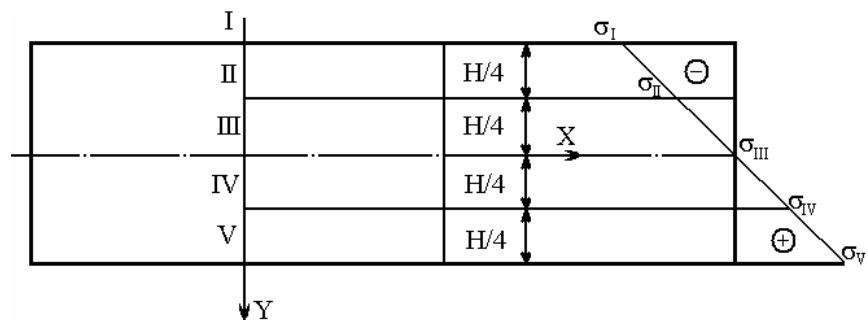
$$\sigma = \frac{P \cdot c}{2J_x} \cdot y \quad (3.3)$$

I, II, III, IV, V

( 3.2)

$$y_I = -\frac{H}{2}, \quad y_{II} = -\frac{H}{4}, \quad y_{III} = 0, \quad y_{IV} = \frac{H}{4}, \quad y_V = \frac{H}{2}. \quad (3.4)$$

$$\sigma_I = -\frac{P \cdot \dots}{4J_x}, \quad \sigma_{II} = -\frac{P \cdot \dots}{8J_x}, \quad \sigma_{III} = 0, \quad \sigma_{IV} = \frac{P \cdot \dots}{8J_x}, \quad \sigma_V = \frac{P \cdot \dots}{4J_x} \quad (3.5)$$



3.2

( 3.2).

3.2.

-4 .  
4000 (40 ).

3.3

4-1 ( 3.4).

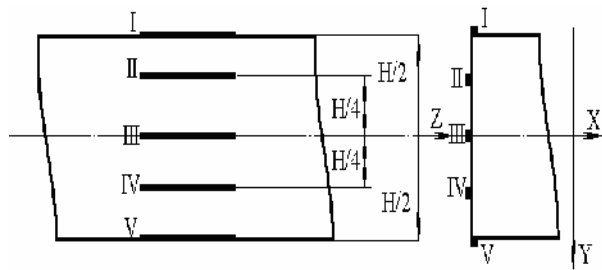
R<sub>1</sub>, R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>3</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub>

R<sub>M</sub>

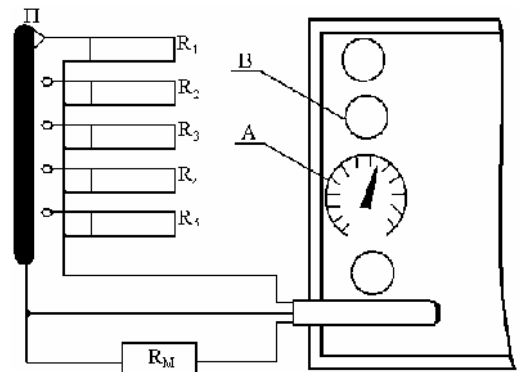
-5.

4-1

( , )



3.3



3.4

3.3.

3.3.1.

20 -30

3.3.2.

( 3.4)

3,

$R_M$

122

3.4.

( )

( )

$R_T$ .

$J_T$ .

$R_T$

:

$$\sigma_T = \frac{\Delta R_T \cdot E}{K \cdot R_M}, \quad (3.6)$$

$R_M = 122$  — ;  $= 2,05 \cdot 10^6$  /  $2 \cdot 10^5$  ) — ;  
 $R_T = 0,1$  ;  
 $\mu$  :

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma_T}{\Delta J_T}, \quad (3.7)$$

$$\Delta J_T = J_0 - J_T -$$

$$; J_0 -$$

$$R_M=122 \quad ; J_T - R_M$$

$$R_T=0,1 \quad .$$

$$\sigma_i = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{Ti} \quad (3.8)$$

3.5.

3.5.1.

$$J_x ( \quad 3.1).$$

$$3.5.2. \quad (3.5)$$

. 3.3.

3.5.3.

$$P_0=200 \quad (2 \quad ).$$

$$3.5.4. \quad R_M=122 \quad ( \quad . 3.4)$$

3

$$3.2 \quad R_M \quad J_{P0}=0.$$

3.5.5.

$$R_T=0,1 \quad J_{P0},$$

$$( \quad . 3.4).$$

$$3.5.6. \quad ( \quad . 3.4)$$

$$1, \dots, 5$$

$$R_M. \quad . 3.2 \quad R_M \quad J_{P0}$$

$$3.5.7. \quad =1200 \quad (12 \quad ).$$

3.5.8.

$$1, \dots, 5$$

$$3.2,$$

3.5.9.

$$P_0=200 \quad (2 \quad ).$$

3.5.10.

. 3.2.

3.5.11. . 3.2

$$) \quad , \text{ mA}$$

$$J_{P_0, cp} = \frac{J_{P_01} + J_{P_02} + J_{P_03}}{3} = \quad J = \frac{J_1 + J_2 + J_3}{3} =$$

$$) \quad , \text{ mA:}$$

$$\Delta J_{cp} = J_{cp} - J_{P_0 cp} .$$

3.5.12.

$$\sigma_i = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp i}$$

3.5.13.  $\frac{1}{\sigma^2}$  . 3.2.

$$\delta = \frac{\sigma - \sigma}{\sigma} \cdot 100\% =$$

3.5.14. .

3.6.

3

3.6.1. :

3.6.2. :  
-4 , -5,  
4-1.

3.6.3. ( . 3.1)

3.1

$l,$	,	,	,	$J_x = \frac{BH^3}{12},$
60	27	6	3	

3.6.4. ( . 3.3).

3.6.5.

:

$$y=-H/2: \sigma_I = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} ( )$$

$$y=-H/4: \sigma_{II} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} ( )$$

$$y_{III}=0: \sigma_{III}=0 \frac{1}{\sigma^2} ( )$$

$$y=H/4: \sigma_{IV} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} ( )$$

$$y=H/2: \sigma_V = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} ( )$$

3.6.6. :

$$R_M = , R_T = , \Delta J_T = J_0 - J_T = \text{mA}.$$

$$\sigma_T = \frac{\Delta R_T E}{K R_M} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} ( ).$$

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma_T}{\Delta J_T} = \frac{1}{\sigma^2} / \text{mA} ( / \text{mA}).$$

3.6.7. ( . 3.2).

3.2

-	-	-	$R_M$ ,	$P_0=200 \quad (2 \quad )$			$P=1200 \quad (12 \quad )$			$\Delta J = J - J_0$	$\sigma = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp} / ^2$	,		
				$J_{P0}, \text{ mA}$			$J_{P0}$ mA	$J, \text{ mA}$					$J_{cp},$ mA	
				1	2	3		1	2					3
I		122		0	0	0	0							
II														
III														
IV														
V														

3.6.8. :

$$\sigma_I = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp}^I = \quad , \quad \sigma_{II} = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp}^{II} = \quad , \quad \sigma_{III} = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp}^{III} = \quad ,$$

$$\sigma_{IV} = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp}^{IV} = \quad , \quad \sigma_V = \mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp}^V = \quad .$$

3.6.9. 3.3

	y			, %
I	- /2			
II	- /4			
III	0			
IV	/4			
V	/2			

3.6.10. ( . 3.2).

3.6.11. :

" " 200 .

:

:

;

;

3.7.

1.

?

2.

?

- 3. ?
- 4. ?
- 5. ?
- 6. ?

4

4.1.

( , , . . )  
 , . .  
 -  
 ( , ,  
 ),  
 .

max

$$\alpha_{\sigma} = \frac{\sigma_{\max}}{\sigma} \tag{4.1}$$

$$F = F_2 -$$

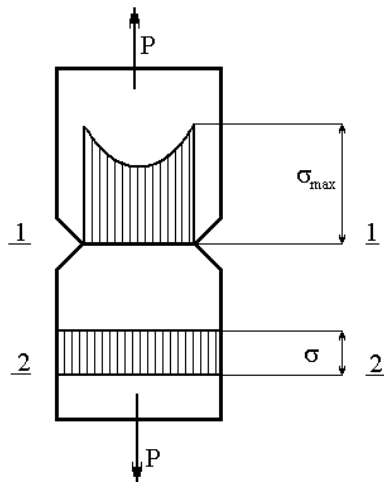
2-2.



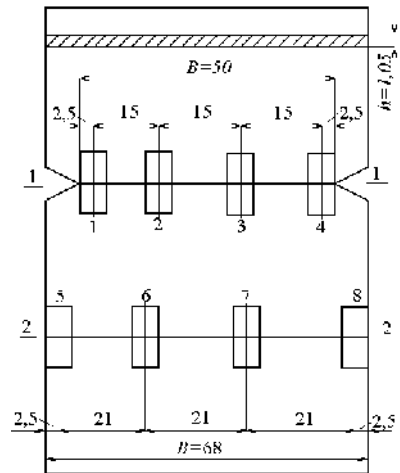
1-1,

$$\sigma = \frac{P}{F_1} \quad (4.3)$$

$F_1$  – 1-1.



4.1



4.2

$$\sigma_{\max} = \alpha_{\sigma} \cdot \sigma \quad (4.4)$$

4.2.

-5 ( 4.3).

-5 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9.

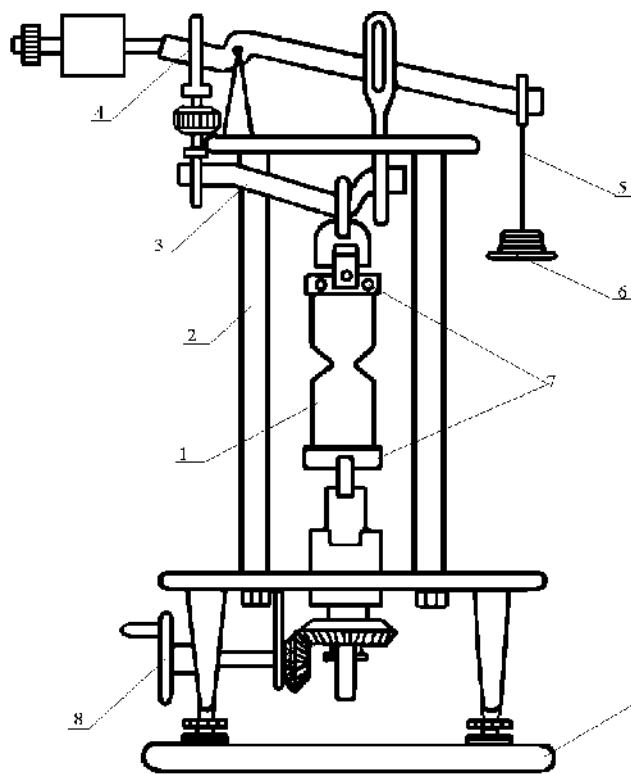
4.2.

$R_1, \dots, R_8$

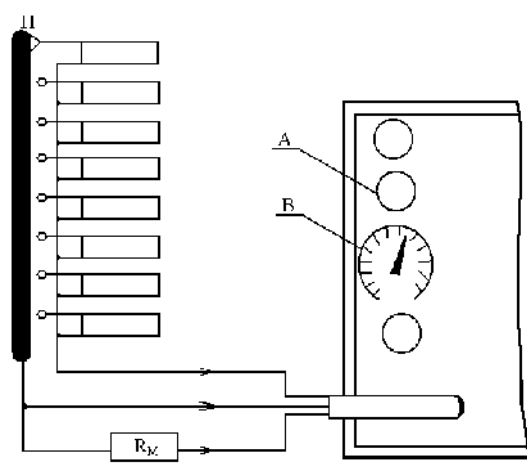
4-1 ( 4.4)

-5. 4-1

( ),



. 4.3



.4.4

4.3.

( )

( )

$R_T$  .

$R_T=0,1$  .

$J_T$ .

$R_T$

$$\sigma_T = \frac{\Delta R_T \cdot E}{K \cdot R_M} ,$$

(4.5)

$R_M=R_T$  -

; =2,05-

; = $2 \cdot 10^5$  -

$\mu$  :

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma_T}{\Delta J_T} \text{ ( /mA) } . \quad (4.6)$$

,

$$\sigma = \mu \cdot \Delta J \text{ ( )}, \quad (4.7)$$

$J$  –

(  
).

4.4.

4.4.1. 20-30 .

4.4.2.  $P_0=1500$  ,

5 -5 3 .

4.4.3. ( 4.4) 1  
(

).

4.4.4.  $R_M=200$  (  
)

,

4.4.5.  $R_M = R_T$ .  
 $R_T=0,1$

$J_T$ .

4.4.6.

$R_M=200$

$R_M J_0$  . 4.2.

4.4.7. ( . 4.4)

2, ..., 8 ,

$R_M$ .

. 4.2

$R_M J_0$

8

4.4.8. =5000 , 5

10 .

4.4.9.

1, ..., 8

4.2

$J$

4.4.10.

. 4.2.

4.4.11.

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma_T}{\Delta J_T} =$$

4.4.12.

4.2

:

) , mA:

$$J_{0cp} = \frac{J_{01} + J_{02} + J_{03}}{3} = \quad , \quad J_{cp} = \frac{J_1 + J_2 + J_3}{3} = \quad ,$$

) , mA:  $\Delta J = J_{cp} - J_{0cp} = \quad ,$

) :  $\sigma = \mu \cdot \Delta J = \quad .$

4.4.13.

:

$$\sigma = \frac{P - P_0}{b \cdot h},$$

$$P - P_0 = 3500 \quad -$$

4.4.14.

1-1 2-2,

. 4.5.

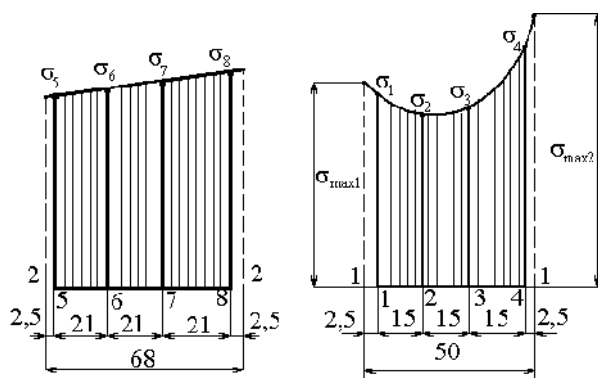
4.4.15.

1-1 (

4.2.

)

$\sigma_{max1}$   $\sigma_{max2}$ .



. 4.5

4.4.16.

:

$$\alpha_{\sigma 1} = \frac{\sigma_{max1}}{\sigma}$$

$$\alpha_{\sigma 2} = \frac{\sigma_{max2}}{\sigma}$$

4.4.17.

.

4.5.

4

4.5.1.

:

4.5.2.

:

-5,

-5,

4-1.

4.5.3.

( . 4.3)

4.1

$h,$	1,05
$b,$	68
$b,$	50
$F_{2,}^2$	
$F_{1,}^2$	

4.5.4.

(

):

$R_M = R_T =$  ( ),

$R_T =$  ( ),

$J_T =$  (mA),

$= 2 \cdot 10^5$  ( ),

$= 2,05.$

$$\sigma_T = \frac{\Delta R_T \cdot E}{K \cdot R_M} = \quad ( ).$$

$$\mu = \frac{\sigma_T}{\Delta J_T} = \quad ( / \text{mA}).$$

4.2

- - -	$R_M,$	$P_0=1500$				$P=5000$				$\Delta J =$ $J_{cp} - J_{0cp}$ mA	$\sigma =$ $\mu \cdot \Delta J_{cp}$
		$J_{0i}, \text{ mA}$			$J_{0i},$ mA	$J_i, \text{ mA}$			$J_{cp}$ mA		
		1	2	3		1	2	3			
1											
2											
3											
4											
5											
6											
7											
8											

4.5.5.

4.5.6.

$$\alpha_{\sigma 1} = \frac{\sigma_{\max 1}}{\sigma}$$

$$\alpha_{\sigma 2} = \frac{\sigma_{\max 2}}{\sigma}$$

4.5.7.

" " 200 .

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4.6.

1.

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2.

( )

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4.

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5.

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6.

( )?

7.

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8.

?